# THE JULIUS BAER UK STAFF PENSION & LIFE ASSURANCE SCHEME ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 29 FEBRUARY 2024

Scheme Registration Number: 10007780

# Annual Report for the year ended 29 February 2024

# **Contents**

	Page
Trustee, Principal Employer and Advisers	1
Trustee's Report	2 - 10
Statement of Trustee's Responsibilities	11
Independent Auditors' Report to the Trustee	12 - 14
Financial Statements	15 - 16
Notes to the Financial Statements	17 - 27
Independent Auditors' Statement about Contributions to the Trustee	28
Summary of Contributions	29
Actuarial Certificate	30

# **Annual Report for the year ended 29 February 2024**

# **Trustee, Principal Employer and Advisers**

#### **Trustee**

Capital Cranfield Pension Trustees Limited - represented by Ingrid Kirby - Professional Trustee

# **Principal Employer**

Bank Julius Baer & Co. Limited

# **Scheme Actuary**

Matt Smith, FIA Mercer Limited

#### **Independent Auditors**

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

#### **Administrator**

Mercer Limited (until 31 December 2023) Aptia UK Limited (from 1 January 2024)

#### **Pension Consultant**

Mercer Limited

#### **Investment Adviser**

Mercer Limited

#### **Annuity Provider**

Aviva Life and Pensions UK Limited

# **Additional Voluntary Contribution (AVC) Providers**

Prudential Assurance Company Limited ReAssure

#### **Bank**

HSBC Bank plc

# Contact for further information and complaints about the Scheme

The Julius Baer UK Staff Pension & Life Assurance Scheme c/o Daniel Elwell
Mercer Limited
Belvedere
12 Booth Street
Manchester
M2 4AW

Email: daniel.elwell@mercer.com Website: www.mercer.com

# **Annual Report for the year ended 29 February 2024**

#### **Trustee's Report**

#### Introduction

The Trustee of The Julius Baer UK Staff Pension & Life Assurance Scheme (the Scheme) is pleased to present its report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 29 February 2024. The Scheme is a defined benefit Scheme however due to a notional DC underpin the Pensions Regulator defines the Scheme as hybrid for the purposes of the Scheme return. As the DC underpin did not apply in relation to at least one member, tPR do not expect a Chair statement to be produced and this will be confirmed to tPR.

The Scheme closed to future accrual from 31 July 2013.

#### Constitution

The Scheme was established on 1 January 1969 and is governed by a definitive trust deed dated 2 February 1996, with subsequent amendments.

# **Management of the Scheme**

#### **Trustee**

The Trustee who served during the year is listed on page 1.

In accordance with the trust deed, the Principal Employer, Bank Julius Baer & Co. Limited, has the power to appoint and remove the Trustee of the Scheme.

#### Statement of Trustee's Responsibilities

The Statement of Trustee's Responsibilities is set out on page 11 and forms part of this Trustee's Report.

#### Governance and risk management

The Trustee has in place a business plan which sets out its objectives in areas such as administration, investment and communication. This, together with a list of the main priorities and timetable for completion, helps the Trustee to run the Scheme efficiently and serves as a useful reference document.

The Trustee has also focused on risk management. A risk register has been put in place which sets out the key risks to which the Scheme is subject to along with the controls in place to mitigate these. The register is regularly reviewed and updated by the Trustee.

#### Trustee knowledge and understanding

The Pensions Act 2004 requires trustees to have sufficient knowledge and understanding of pensions and trust law and be conversant with scheme documentation. In March 2024, the Pensions Regulator published their new General Code of Practice to assist trustees on these matters, combining ten existing codes and introducing new obligations not covered by the existing codes, intending to improve scheme governance and administration. The Trustee has agreed a training plan to enable it to meet these requirements.

The Trustee's appointed representative is an Accredited Professional Trustee.

# **Principal Employer**

The Principal Employer's registered address is Bank Julius Baer & Co. Limited, Bahnhofstrasse 36, 8010 Zurich, Switzerland.

# **Scheme Administrator**

On 1 January 2024, the Mercer Limited UK pension administration business was acquired by Aptia UK Limited. As a result, Aptia UK Limited is now the pension administration service provider for the Scheme.

# Annual Report for the year ended 29 February 2024

#### **Trustee's Report**

# **Financial development**

The financial statements on pages 15 to 27 have been prepared and audited in accordance with the Regulations made under Section 41 (1) and (6) of the Pensions Act 1995. They show that the value of the fund decreased from £37,074,248 at 28 February 2023 to £33,824,818 at 29 February 2024.

The decrease shown above comprised net withdrawals from dealings with members of £1,236,353 together with net returns on investments of (£2,013,077).

# **Annual Report for the year ended 29 February 2024**

#### **Trustee's Report**

# Report on actuarial liabilities

Under Section 222 of the Pensions Act 2004, every scheme is subject to the Statutory Funding Objective, which is to have sufficient and appropriate assets to cover its technical provisions. The technical provisions represent the present value of the benefits members are entitled to based on pensionable service to the valuation date. This is assessed using the assumptions agreed between the Trustee and the Principal Employer and set out in the Statement of Funding Principles, which is available to Scheme members on request.

The most recent full actuarial valuation of the Scheme was carried out as at 28 February 2023. An updated valuation was performed on 29 February 2024. These showed:

Actuarial Valuation 28 February 2023 29 February 2024

The value of Technical Provisions was £37.2 million £35.5 million £35.5 million £33.8 million Percentage of Technical Provisions 95% 95%

The method and significant actuarial assumptions used to determine the technical provisions are as follows (all assumptions adopted are set out in the Appendix to the Statement of Funding Principles).

#### Method

The actuarial method to be used in the calculation of the technical provisions is the Projected Unit Method.

#### Significant actuarial assumptions

Principal actuarial assumptions as at 28	February 2023
Discount interest rate:	Pre-retirement: 3.70% p.a.  Post-retirement: 4.00% p.a.
Future Retail Price Inflation (RPI):	3.40% p.a.
Future Consumer Price Inflation (CPI):	3.25% p.a.
Pension increases in payment:	3.05% p.a. LRPI max 5%. 2.35% p.a. LCPI max 3%.
Mortality:	Baseline: S3PA YoB tables (middle for females) adjusted by 95%/90% for males (non-pensioners and pensioners) and 87% for females (non-pensioners and pensioners).  Future improvements: In line with the CMI 2022 model (core parameters) with a long-term improvement rate of 1.75% p.a.

# Annual Report for the year ended 29 February 2024

# **Trustee's Report**

# Report on actuarial liabilities - continued

The derivation of these key assumptions and an explanation of the other assumptions to be used in the calculation of the technical provisions are set out below.

Derivation of actuarial assumptions for	valuation as at 28 February 2023
Discount interest rate:	Investment return pre-retirement (discount rate):
	An estimate of the yield available on a notional portfolio of UK Government conventional gilt stocks whose cash flows approximately match the Scheme's estimated benefit cash flows less a prudent allowance of 0.3% p.a.
	Investment return post-retirement (discount rate):
	An estimate of the yield available on a notional portfolio of UK Government conventional gilt stocks whose cash flows approximately match the Scheme's estimated benefit cash flows.
Pension increases in payment:	Pension increases are subject to a number of caps and collars. For the 28 February 2023 valuation, the assumptions for increases subject to cap and collar been derived by allowing for the impact of the limits using Jarrow Yildirim model.  No allowance has been made for any discretionary increases.
Mortality:	The mortality assumptions will be based on up to date information published by the Continuous Mortality Investigation (CMI) and National Statistics, making allowance for future improvements in longevity and the experience of the Scheme.
	The mortality tables for the 28 February 2023 valuation are S3PA Year of Birth tables (middle for females) with future improvements based on the CMI_2022 model with a long-term improvement rate of 1.75% p.a. The base table is adjusted to reflect weightings of 95%/90% for males (non-pensioners/pensioners) and 87%/87% for females (non-pensioners and pensioners).
Future Inflation (RPI and CPI):	The assumption for the future rate of increase in the Retail Prices Index (RPI) will be taken to be the investment market's expectation for inflation as indicated by the difference between an estimate of the yields available on notional portfolios of conventional and index-linked UK Government bonds whose cashflows approximately match the Scheme's estimated benefit cashflows.
	The assumption for the future rate of increase in the Consumer Prices Index (CPI) will be derived from the RPI inflation assumption with an appropriate adjustment to recognise the difference between expectations of future RPI increases and future CPI increases.
	The adjustment will be reviewed at each valuation; as at the 28 February 2023 valuation the adjustment was a deduction of 0.5% p.a. prior to 2030 with no deduction made post 2030. This approach results in a single equivalent deduction of 0.15% p.a. as at 28 February 2023.

# Annual Report for the year ended 29 February 2024

#### **Trustee's Report**

#### Membership

The membership movements of the Scheme for the year are given below:

At 1 March 2023       130       109       239         Adjustments       (3)       3	al
Adjustments (3) 3	9
(0)	-
Retirements (1) 1	-
Deaths - (2)	2)
Spouses and dependants - 2	2
Pensions commuted for cash - (3)	3)
Pensions ceasing - (1)	1)
At 29 February 2024 126 109 235	5

Pensioners include 13 beneficiaries (2023: 11) receiving a pension.

These membership figures do not include movements notified to the Administrator after the completion of the annual renewal.

The Trustee has a buy-in annuity policy with Aviva Life and Pensions UK Limited. As at 29 February 2024, there were 126 deferred members (2023: 130) and 109 (2023: 109) pensioner members covered by the policy.

#### **Pension increases**

Pension increases are effective from 1 June. All pensions in payment in excess of preserved pensions were increased in the following manner:

Pre 2 February 1996 service at 3.0% (2023: 3.0%).

Post 1 February 1996 service at 5.0% p.a. (2023: 4.9%).

Preserved pensions and Gauranteed Minimum Pensions (GMPs) were increased in accordance with statutory requirements.

There were no discretionary increases awarded in the year.

#### **Calculation of transfer values**

Transfer values paid during the year were calculated and verified in the manner required by the Regulations made under Section 97 of the Pension Schemes Act 1993 and do not include discretionary benefits. None of the transfer values paid were less than the amount provided by the Regulations.

# **GMP** equalisation

On 26 October 2018, the High Court ruled that pension schemes are obliged to equalise benefits for the effects of Guaranteed Minimum Pension (GMPs). During the GMP equalisation and conversion exercise performed by the Scheme during 2022, there were 43 members that had their benefits equalised. Arrears payments in the magnitude of c.£22,500 were paid to correct the historic under-payments with a total additional GMP equalisation liability for this group of c.£44,750 (including the arrears). This was settled in the March 2023 pension payroll and was therefore included as a liability in the 2023 financial statements.

On 20 November 2020, there was a further High Court ruling which provided clarification on the obligations of pension plan trustees to equalise past transfer values allowing for inequalities in GMP. This ruling required the Trustee to take pro-active steps to revisit previous transfers paid from the Scheme and potentially pay 'top-ups' where it is found that these are due. During the exercise performed by the Scheme during 2022, there were 30 former members found to be due a top-up payment to their original transfer value. The payments were estimated to be c.£56,400. As at 29 February 2024, there were 23 members who had had top-ups paid to them. These amounts totalled c.£28,000 and were settled over the period December 2022 to January 2024. There are currently 7 former members who could not be contacted and so top-ups of c.£28,400 remain unpaid and this amount is shown as a liability in the 2024 financial statements.

# **Annual Report for the year ended 29 February 2024**

# **Trustee's Report**

# **Investment Management**

#### General

In January 2020, the Trustee entered into a bulk annuity insurance policy with Aviva Life & Pensions UK Limited ("Aviva"). The Trustees selected Aviva having considered appropriate advice from Mercer and their legal advisers. The additional voluntary contributions ("AVC") providers are detailed in the Trustee, Principal Employer and Advisers section on page 1.

#### Investment principles

The Trustee has produced a Statement of Investment Principles ("SIP") in accordance with Section 35 of the Pensions Act 1995, the Occupational Pension Scheme's (Investment) Regulations 2005 and subsequent legislation.

The latest SIP is dated May 2024. A copy of the SIP is available to view at:

https://capitalcranfield.com/wp-content/uploads/2024/05/Julius-Baer-UK-Staff-PLAS-2024-SIP.pdf

The main priority of the Trustee when considering the Scheme's investment policy is to meet all obligations relating to payment of members' pensions.

#### **Employer Related Investments**

The Trustee is satisfied that there are no employer-related investments as at 29 February 2024 (2023: nil).

#### **Socially Responsible Investment and Corporate Governance**

The Trustee believes that ESG factors may have a material impact on investment risk and return outcomes, and that good stewardship can create and preserve value for companies and markets as a whole. The Trustee also recognises that long-term sustainability issues, particularly climate change, present risks and opportunities that increasingly may require explicit consideration in the investment decision-making process.

However, the Trustee notes that all of the assets of the Scheme are held within an annuity policy with Aviva Plc and hence the Trustee retains no responsibility for the investment of the assets held within the annuity policy. Aviva Plc is responsible for the investment arrangements of the annuity policy and therefore also for integration of ESG, Stewardship and Climate Change considerations within the investments.

#### Investment report

During the Scheme year all invested assets were held in a bulk annuity policy and therefore all investment decisions are delegated to Aviva Plc in their capacity as the annuity provider.

#### **Distribution of Assets**

The distribution of the Scheme's investments as at 28 February 2023 and 29 February 2024 are as below:

Manager	28 February 2023 %	29 February 2024 %
Aviva Plc - Bulk Annuity Policy	100.0	100.0
Total	100.0	100.0

Assets held in the Trustee Bank account and AVC's have been excluded.

# Annual Report for the year ended 29 February 2024

#### **Trustee's Report**

#### Review of investment performance

The valuation of the Bulk Annuity Policy as at 28 February 2023 was £36.7m and has fallen around 8.7% in the year to 29 February 2024 to £33.5m.

The value of insured annuities as at 29 February 2024 is based on the assumptions adopted in the formal 28 February 2023 triennial actuarial valuation for funding purposes (updated to reflect market conditions as at 29 February 2024, but with no allowance for any obligations associated with GMP equalisation).

The performance figures for 1 and 3 years are shown in the table below:

Manager	1 Year (%)	3 Years (% p.a.)
Aviva Plc - Bulk Annuity Policy	-5.4	-15.7

# **Custodial arrangements**

The Scheme's Bank Account is held with HSBC Bank plc.

The Trustee is responsible for ensuring the Scheme's assets continue to be securely held.

# **Annual Report for the year ended 29 February 2024**

#### **Trustee's Report**

#### **Implementation Statement**

#### Annual Engagement Policy Implementation Statement for the year ended 29 February 2024

#### 1. Introduction

This statement sets out how, and the extent to which, the policies in the Statement of Investment Principles ('SIP') produced by the Trustee of the Julius Baer UK Staff & Life Assurance Scheme has been followed during the year. This statement has been produced in accordance with The Occupational and Personal Pension Schemes (Disclosure of Information) Regulations 2013 and the guidance published by the Pensions Regulator.

In completing this statement the Trustee believes it has followed the policies required under regulation 2(3)(c) of the Occupational Pension Schemes (Investment) Regulations 2005 during the relevant Scheme year.

#### 2. Investment Objectives of the Scheme

The Trustee's main objective is to invest the Scheme's assets in the best interest of the members and beneficiaries. To this end, the Trustee has set a longer term objective to buy out all of the Scheme's liabilities. As an interim step, a bulk annuity policy for all remaining members has been purchased in the form of a buy-in with an annuity provider (i.e. an insurance company). The insurance company selected is Aviva Life & Pensions UK Limited ("Aviva").

#### 3. Policy on ESG, Stewardship and Climate Change

The Scheme's SIP includes the Trustee's policy on Environmental, Social and Governance ('ESG') factors, stewardship and Climate Change. This policy sets out the Trustee beliefs on ESG and climate change and the processes followed by the Trustee in relation to voting rights and stewardship. This was last reviewed in March 2020.

The Trustee believes that ESG factors may have a material impact on investment risk and return outcomes, and that good stewardship can create and preserve value for companies and markets as a whole. The Trustee also recognises that long-term sustainability issues, particularly climate change, present risks and opportunities that increasingly may require explicit consideration.

However, the Trustee notes that all of the assets of the Scheme are held within a bulk annuity policy and hence there is no longer any scope to directly integrate ESG, Stewardship and Climate Change considerations into their investment strategy. The annuity provider is empowered to manage ESG risk, assess ESG factors as a potential source of return (where appropriate), and exercise stewardship obligations in accordance with current best practice, including the UK Corporate Governance Code and UK Stewardship Code.

Aviva's own statement on responsible investment can be found at the following link: https://www.aviva.com/sustainability/embedding-sustainability/responsible-investment/.

The below sets out how the Trustee's stewardship, engagement and voting policies were followed and implemented during the year.

# 4. Stewardship monitoring

Stewardship activities were not a relevant consideration for the Trustee over the Scheme year given the nature of the investments. It is possible that Aviva may at times hold equity as part of the portfolio of assets that backs the annuity policy (although these holdings would be expected to be minimal, Aviva does not share this information).

#### 5. Engagement

Over the year, engagement activities were not a relevant consideration for the Trustee given the nature of the investments. It is possible that Aviva may at times hold equity as part of the portfolio of assets that backs the annuity policy (although these holdings would be expected to be minimal, Aviva does not share this information).

#### 6. Voting

Voting activities were not a relevant consideration for the Trustee over the Scheme year given the nature of the investments. Aviva do have a set voting policy which may, at Aviva's discretion, apply to a portion of the assets backing the annuity policy. However, Aviva are not able to provide this information to the Trustee.

# Annual Report for the year ended 29 February 2024

# **Trustee's Report**

# **Further information**

Further information about the Scheme is given in the explanatory booklets which have been issued to all the relevant members.

# **Approval**

The Trustee's Report on pages 2 to 10 was approved by the Trustee and signed on their behalf by:

Capital Cranfield

Date: 18 September 2024

# **Annual Report for the year ended 29 February 2024**

#### **Statement of Trustee's Responsibilities**

#### The Trustee's responsibilities in respect of the financial statements

The financial statements, which are prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland ("FRS 102"), are the responsibility of the Trustee. Pension scheme regulations require, and the Trustee is responsible for ensuring, that those financial statements:

- show a true and fair view of the financial transactions of the Scheme during the Scheme year and of the amount and disposition at the end of the Scheme year of its assets and liabilities, other than liabilities to pay pensions and benefits after the end of the Scheme year; and
- contain the information specified in Regulation 3A of the Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996, including making a statement whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the relevant financial reporting framework applicable to occupational pension schemes.

In discharging these responsibilities, the Trustee is responsible for selecting suitable accounting policies, to be applied consistently, making any estimates and judgements on a prudent and reasonable basis, and for ensuring that the financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Scheme will continue as a going concern.

The Trustee is also responsible for making available certain other information about the Scheme in the form of an annual report.

The Trustee has a general responsibility for ensuring that accounting records are kept and for taking such steps as are reasonably open to it to safeguard the assets of the Scheme and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities, including the maintenance of an appropriate system of internal control.

The Trustee is also responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the annual report on the Capital Cranfield website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

# The Trustee's responsibilities in respect of contributions

The Trustee is responsible under pensions legislation for preparing, and from time to time reviewing and if necessary revising, a schedule of contributions showing the rates of contributions payable to the Scheme by or on behalf of employers and the active members of the Scheme and the dates on or before which such contributions are to be paid.

The Trustee is also responsible for keeping records in respect of contributions received in respect of any active member of the Scheme and for adopting risk-based processes to monitor whether contributions that fall due to be paid are paid into the Scheme in accordance with the schedule of contributions.

Where breaches of the schedule occur, the Trustee is required by the Pensions Acts 1995 and 2004 to consider making reports to the Pensions Regulator and to members.

Annual Report for the year ended 29 February 2024

**Independent Auditors' Report to the Trustee** 

# Independent auditors' report to the Trustee of The Julius Baer UK Staff Pension & Life Assurance Scheme

# Report on the audit of the financial statements

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, The Julius Baer UK Staff Pension & Life Assurance Scheme's financial statements:

- show a true and fair view of the financial transactions of the Scheme during the year ended 29 February 2024, and
  of the amount and disposition at that date of its assets and liabilities, other than liabilities to pay pensions and
  benefits after the end of the year;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law); and
- contain the information specified in Regulation 3A of the Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual Report, which comprise: the Statement of Net Assets available for benefits as at 29 February 2024; the Fund Account for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We remained independent of the Scheme in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

#### **Conclusions relating to going concern**

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Scheme's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Trustee's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this conclusion is not a guarantee as to the Scheme's ability to continue as a going concern.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Trustee with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

# Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements, our auditors' report thereon and our auditors' statement about contributions. The Trustee is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

# Annual Report for the year ended 29 February 2024

## **Independent Auditors' Report to the Trustee**

#### Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

#### Responsibilities of the Trustee for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the statement of Trustee's responsibilities, the Trustee is responsible for ensuring that the financial statements are prepared in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they show a true and fair view. The Trustee is also responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In the preparation of the financial statements, the Trustee is responsible for assessing the Scheme's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustee either intends to wind up the Scheme, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

Based on our understanding of the Scheme and its environment, we identified that the principal risks of non-compliance with laws and regulations related to the administration of the Scheme in accordance with the Pensions Acts 1995 and 2004 and regulations made under them, and codes of practice issued by the Pensions Regulator; and we considered the extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the financial statements. We also considered the direct impact of these laws and regulations on the financial statements. We evaluated incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements, including the risk of override of controls, by the Trustee and those responsible for, or involved in, the preparation of the underlying accounting records and financial statements, and determined that the principal risks were related to posting inappropriate journals to conceal misappropriation of assets. Audit procedures performed by the engagement team included:

- Testing journal entries where we identified particular fraud risk criteria.
- Obtaining independent confirmations of material investment valuations and cash balances at the year end.
- Reviewing meeting minutes, any correspondence with the Pensions Regulator, and significant contracts and agreements.
- Holding discussions with the Trustee to identify significant or unusual transactions and known or suspected instances of fraud or non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations.
- Assessing financial statement disclosures, and agreeing these to supporting evidence, for compliance with the Pensions Acts 1995 and 2004 and regulations made under them.

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above. We are less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that are not closely related to events and transactions reflected in the financial statements. Also, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: <a href="https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities">www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</a>. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

# Annual Report for the year ended 29 February 2024

# **Independent Auditors' Report to the Trustee**

# Use of this report

This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the Trustee as a body in accordance with section 41 of the Pensions Act 1995 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors London

Date: 18 September 2024

# Annual Report for the year ended 29 February 2024

# **Financial Statements**

# **Fund Account**

		2024 Total	2023 Total
	Note	£	£
Other income	4	19,018	7,859
Benefits paid or payable	5	(1,254,711)	(1,149,924)
Payments to and on account of leavers	6	-	(50,000)
Administrative expenses	7	(660)	(660)
		(1,255,371)	(1,200,584)
Net withdrawals from dealings with members	,	(1,236,353)	(1,192,725)
Returns on investments			
Investment income	8	900,000	875,000
Change in market value of investments	9	(2,913,077)	(23,122,245)
Net returns on investments		(2,013,077)	(22,247,245)
Net decrease in the fund during the year		(3,249,430)	(23,439,970)
Net assets at 1 March		37,074,248	60,514,218
Net assets at 29 February		33,824,818	37,074,248

The notes on pages 17 to 27 form part of these financial statements.

# **Annual Report for the year ended 29 February 2024**

# **Financial Statements**

#### Statement of Net Assets available for benefits

	Note	2024 Total £	2023 Total £
Investment assets			
Insurance policies	11	33,500,000	36,686,000
AVC investments	12	53,940	51,195
Total investments	9	33,553,940	36,737,195
Current assets	17	318,867	460,311
Current liabilities	18	(47,989)	(123,258)
Net assets at 29 February	:	33,824,818	37,074,248

The financial statements summarise the transactions of the Scheme and deal with the net assets at the disposal of the Trustee. They do not take account of obligations to pay pensions and benefits which fall due after the end of the Scheme year. The actuarial position of the Scheme, which takes into account such obligations, is dealt with in the report on actuarial liabilities on pages 4 to 5 of the annual report and these financial statements should be read in conjunction with this report.

The notes on pages 17 to 27 form part of these financial statements.

The financial statements on pages 15 to 27 were approved by the Trustee and signed on their behalf by:

Capital Cranfield

Date: 18 September 2024

# **Annual Report for the year ended 29 February 2024**

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### 1. Identification of the financial statements

The Scheme is established as a trust under English law.

The Scheme was established to provide retirement benefits to certain groups of employees of Bank Julius Baer & Co. Ltd. The address of the Scheme's principal office is Bank Julius Baer & Co. Limited, Bahnhofstrasse 36, 8010 Zurich, Switzerland.

The Scheme is a defined benefit Scheme. However due to a notional DC underpin the Pensions Regulator defines the Scheme as hybrid for the purposes of the Scheme return.

# 2. Basis of preparation

The individual financial statements of The Julius Baer UK Staff Pension & Life Assurance Scheme have been prepared in accordance with the Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996, Financial Reporting Standard (FRS) 102 - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland issued by the Financial Reporting Council ("FRS 102") and the guidance set out in the Statement of Recommended Practice "Financial Reports of Pension Schemes" (revised June 2018) ("the SORP").

#### 3. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies are set out below. Unless otherwise stated, they have been applied consistently year on year.

#### 3.1 Accruals concept

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis.

#### 3.2 Currency

The Scheme's functional currency and presentational currency is Pounds Sterling (GBP).

#### 3.3 Contributions

Employer deficit funding contributions are accounted for in the period to which they relate, in accordance with the Schedule of Contributions, or on receipt if earlier, with the agreement of the employer and Trustee.

#### 3.4 Other income

Income is accounted for in the period in which it falls due on an accruals basis.

#### 3.5 Payments to members

Pensions in payment are accounted for in the period to which they relate.

Other benefits, and any associated tax liabilities, are accounted for in the period in which they fall due for payment. Where there is a choice, benefits are accounted for on the later of the date of leaving, retirement or death and the date on which any option or notification is communicated to the Trustee. If there is no choice, they are accounted for on the date of retirement or leaving.

#### 3.6 Administrative and other expenses

Administrative expenses are accounted for in the period in which they fall due on an accruals basis.

#### 3.7 Investment income

Receipts from annuity policies are accounted for as investment income on an accruals basis.

# **Annual Report for the year ended 29 February 2024**

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### 3.8 Change in market value of investments

The changes in investment market values are accounted for in the year in which they arise and include profits and losses on investments sold as well as unrealised gains and losses in the value of investments held at the year end.

#### 3.9 Valuation of investments

Investments are included at fair value as follows:

Annuities purchased in the name of the Trustee which fully provide the pension benefits for certain members are shown in the financial statements at the amount of the related obligation calculated on a technical provisions basis.

The AVC investments include policies of assurance. The market value of these policies has been taken as the surrender values of the policies at the annual renewal date of the policy, as advised by the AVC providers.

# 3.10 Critical accounting judgements and estimation uncertainty

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

For the Scheme, the Trustee believes the only estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are related to the valuation of the Scheme investments and, in particular, those classified in level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. Explanation of the key assumptions underpinning the valuation of investments are included within the above and within note 11 on pages 20 to 21.

#### 4. Other income

	2024 Total	2023 Total
	£	£
Interest on cash deposits held by the Trustee	15,968	6,859
Compensation	-	1,000
Miscellaneous income	3,050	
	19,018	7,859

Miscellaneous income relates to members who have requested Pension Sharing Orders (PSO) to be calculated.

In prior year, compensation relates to monies received from Mercer in April 2022.

# 5. Benefits paid or payable

	2024	2023
	Total	Total
	£	£
Pensions	998,532	934,228
Commutation of pensions and lump sum retirement benefits	245,707	215,696
Lump sum death benefits	10,472	-
	1,254,711	1,149,924

Included in the 2023 pensions figure is the GMP equalisation liability of £44,750 that was settled in the March 2023 pension payroll.

# 6. Payments to and on account of leavers

	2024	2023
	Total	Total
	£	£
Individual transfers out to other schemes	-	50,000

# Annual Report for the year ended 29 February 2024

# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

# 7. Administrative expenses

2024	2023
Total	Total
£	£
Bank charges paid 660	660

Except as noted above, all other administration costs are borne directly by the Principal Employer.

#### 8. Investment income

2024	2023
Tota	I Total
£	£
Annuity income 900,000	875,000

Annuity income relates to the monthly funding received from Aviva in order to settle the pension payroll due to pensioners.

# 9. Reconciliation of investments

	Market value at 1 March 2023 £	Cost of investments purchased £	Proceeds of sales of investments	Change in market value £	Market value at 29 February 2024 £
Insurance policies	36,686,000	-	(270,178)	(2,915,822)	33,500,000
AVC investments	51,195	-	-	2,745	53,940
	36,737,195		(270,178)	(2,913,077)	33,553,940

# 10. Taxation

The Scheme is a registered pension scheme under Chapter 2 of Part 4 of the Finance Act 2004 and is therefore exempt from income tax and capital gains tax.

# **Annual Report for the year ended 29 February 2024**

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

# 11. Insurance policies

A bulk buy-in policy was purchased with Aviva Life and Pensions UK Limited on 9 January 2020 to provide monthly annuity income for pensioners. They have been valued by the Scheme Actuary at the amount of the related obligation calculated using the technical provisions basis, this being consistent with the most recent scheme funding valuation assumptions, updated for market conditions at the reporting date. The assumptions are set out in the tables below:

2024 2023 Total Total £ £ 33,500,000 36,686,000

Aviva Life and Pensions UK Limited

The bulk buy-in policy was valued by Aviva Life and Pensions UK Limited on 28 February 2023.

# **Assumptions**

A summary of the assumptions adopted for the annuity valuation as at 29 February 2024, are set out in the table below and on the following page:

28 February 2023		
Discount rate:	Benefit cashflows have been discounted using the full term related swap curve, based on market conditions at 28 February 2023, adjusted to allow for the impact of Aviva's capital requirements and other elements of the pricing basis.  The single equivalent discount rate is 3.74% p.a.	
Pension increases in payment and in deferment:	Inflation for RPI/CPI linked increases is derived from that implied by the relevant market swap rates as at 28 February 2023 and weighted by the scheme benefit cashflows.	
Immediate annuitants (pension increases in payment):		
- CPI capped at 3.0% p.a.	2.61% p.a.	
- RPI capped at 5.0% p.a.	3.52% p.a. 3.60% p.a.	
Deferred annuitants (pension increases in payment):		
- CPI capped at 3.0% p.a.	2.61% p.a.	
- RPI capped at 5.0% p.a.	3.32% p.a.	
Deferred annuitants (pension increases in deferment):		
- CPI p.a.	3.43% p.a.	

# Annual Report for the year ended 29 February 2024

# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

# **Assumptions - continued**

29 February 2024		
Discount rate:		
- Pre-Retirement	4.15% p.a.	
- Post-Retirement	4.45% p.a.	
RPI Inflation:	3.30% p.a.	
CPI Inflation:	3.25% p.a.	
Deferred Revaluation:	In line with CPI inflation subject to the relevant maximums and minimums.	
Pension Increase:		
-5% or RPI if less	3.05% p.a.	
-3% or RPI if less	2.25% p.a.	
Mortality - base table:	Sx3PA (middle for females) adjusted by 95%/90% for males (non-pensioners/pensioners) and 87% for females (non-pensioners and pensioners).	
Mortality - future improvements:	In line with the CMI 2022 model (core) with a long-term improvement rate of 1.75%.	
Commutation:	No explicit allowance.	
Proportions married:	115% of the ONS_2008 tables.	
Spouse's age difference:	Male members are 3 year older than female spouses (and vice versa).	

# **Annual Report for the year ended 29 February 2024**

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### 12. AVC investments

The Trustee holds assets which are separately invested from the main fund in the form of individual policies of assurance. These secure additional benefits, on a money purchase basis, for those members who have elected to pay additional voluntary contributions. Members participating in this arrangement with ReAssure receive a valuation statement each year at 28 February. For those members with a Prudential Assurance Company Limited policy, the members receive an annual statement made up to the annual renewal date for the policy on 31 January each year. The annual statements confirm the amounts held to their account and the movements during the year. The valuations below are stated at the annual renewal dates of each of the policies: ReAssure as at 28 February and Prudential Assurance Company Limited as at 31 January.

The total amount of AVC investments at the year end is shown below:

	2024	2023
	Total	Total
	£	£
Prudential Assurance Company Limited	25,442	24,798
ReAssure	28,498	26,397
	53,940	51,195

2024

# **Annual Report for the year ended 29 February 2024**

# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

# 13. Fair value hierarchy

The fair value of financial instruments has been disclosed using the following fair value hierarchy:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities which the reporting entity can access at the assessment dates.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 which are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Observable inputs are inputs which reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. Unobservable inputs are inputs which reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available.

A fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety on the basis of the lowest level input which is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

The Scheme's investment assets fall within the above hierarchy as follows:

	2024 Level 1 £	2024 Level 2 £	2024 Level 3 £	2024 Total £
Insurance policies	-	-	33,500,000	33,500,000
AVC investments	-	7,788	46,152	53,940
		7,788	33,546,152	33,553,940
Analysis for the prior year end is as for	ollows:			
	2023	2023	2023	2023
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	£	£	£	£
Insurance policies	-	-	36,686,000	36,686,000
AVC investments	-	7,734	43,461	51,195
•		7,734	36,729,461	36,737,195

# **Annual Report for the year ended 29 February 2024**

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### 14. Investment risks

FRS 102 requires the disclosure of information in relation to certain investment risks to which the Scheme is exposed to at the end of the reporting year. These risks are set out by FRS 102 as follows:

- 1. **Credit risk:** the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.
- Market risk: the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.
  - Currency risk: the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.
  - Interest rate risk: the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.
  - Other price risk: the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

Overall investment policy falls into two parts. The strategic management of members' assets is fundamentally the responsibility of the Trustee acting on advice from their investment consultant, Mercer Limited, and is driven by their investment objectives as set out in the Statement of Investment Principles ("SIP"). The remaining elements of policy are part of the day-to-day management of the assets which is delegated to professional investment managers. Decisions on appointment and retention of investment managers are taken by the Trustee on advice from their investment consultant. The Trustee manages investment risks, including credit risk and market risk, within agreed parameters which are set taking into account the Scheme's strategic investment objectives.

The annuity policy held by the Scheme provides a match for the key investment and non-investment risks for the members of the Scheme (i.e. interest rate, inflation and longevity risks). Whilst the key investment and non-investment risks are removed by the annuity policy, the Trustee is exposed to the counterparty risk of the insurance company (i.e. risk of default), albeit with regulatory protections in the form of supervision and intervention by the Prudential Regulatory Authority. The Trustee has considered and is adequately comfortable with the financial strength of the selected insurance company.

The following table summarises the extent to which the various classes of investments are affected by financial risks:

Market risk						
	Credit risk	Currency risk	Interest rate risk	Other Price Risk	2024 £'000	2023 £'000
Insurance policy	Р	Н	Н	Н	33,500	36,686
Total					33,500	36,686

In the above table, the risk noted affects the asset class [S] significantly, [P] partially or [H] hardly/not at all.

Further information on the Trustee's approach to risk management, credit and market risk is set out on the following page. This does not include AVC investments and the Trustee Bank Account balance as these are not considered significant in relation to the overall investments of the Scheme.

# **Annual Report for the year ended 29 February 2024**

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### 14. Investment risks - continued

# **Investment Strategy**

The Trustee sets the investment strategy taking into account considerations such as the strength of the employer covenant, the long-term liabilities and the funding agreed with the Employer. The Scheme's investment objectives and strategy, agreed by the Trustee, is set out in its Statement of Investment Principles ("SIP") with details of any changes during the year included in the Trustee report.

The Trustee's objective is to invest the Scheme's assets in the best interest of the members and beneficiaries. Within this framework the Trustee has agreed a number of objectives to help guide them in their strategic management of the assets and control of the various risks to which the Scheme is exposed.

As at year-end all of the Scheme's assets were held via a buy-in policy with an insurer. The Scheme had no invested assets.

#### 1. Credit risk

The Scheme is subject to credit risk through the holding of a buy-in policy with the insurer, albeit this is considered to be low risk due to the nature of the company. Trustee is exposed to the counterparty risk of the insurance company (i.e. risk of default), albeit with regulatory protections in the form of supervision and intervention by the Prudential Regulatory Authority.

#### 2. Market risk

The Scheme's investments are not subject to market risk, which is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices.

For reference market risk comprises three types of risk:

# (a) Currency risk:

The Scheme's investments are not subject to currency risk.

#### (b) Interest rate risk:

The Scheme's investments are not subject to interest rate risk.

#### (c) Other price risk:

The Scheme's investments are not subject to price risk.

#### 3. Inflation risk

The Scheme's investments are not subject to inflation risk.

# **Annual Report for the year ended 29 February 2024**

# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### **Concentration of investments** 15.

The following investments each account for more than 5% of the Scheme's net assets at the year end:

2024 2023 £ % £ % Aviva Life and Pensions UK Limited - annuity policy 33,500,000 99.0 36,686,000 99.0

A bulk buy-in policy was purchased with Aviva Life and Pensions UK Limited on 9 January 2020. Further details regarding the basis of valuation of the insurance policy is included in note 11.

# **Employer-related investments**

There was no employer-related investment as at 29 February 2024 (28 February 2023: Nil).

#### **Current assets**

	2024 Total £	2023 Total £
Interest accrued on cash deposits	3,197	2,878
Cash deposits held with HSBC Bank plc	315,670	457,433
	318,867	460,311
Cash deposits are held in the name of the Trustee with HSBC Bank plc.		

#### **Current liabilities** 18.

	2024 Total	2023 Total
	£	£
Pensions payable	5,323	48,329
Lump sums on retirement payable	-	11,372
Taxation payable	14,277	13,557
GMP transfers out payable	28,389	50,000
	47,989	123,258

The GMP transfers out payable relates to transfer top-ups due to former members of the Scheme under the GMP equalisation 2020 ruling.

#### 19. **Related party transactions**

#### Entities with control, joint control or significant influence over the Scheme (a)

Other than the fees shown in note 7, administrative and other expenses including the PPF levy, life assurance premiums and Trustee fees are borne by the Principal Employer. All the fees were paid in accordance with the Scheme rules.

#### Key management personnel of the Scheme or its parent (in aggregate)

Capital Cranfield Pension Trustees Limited received £20,100 (2023: £18,050) for professional Trustee services to the Scheme.

# **Annual Report for the year ended 29 February 2024**

# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

# 20. Contingent liabilities

On 26 October 2018, the High Court ruled that pension schemes are obliged to equalise benefits for the effects of Guaranteed Minimum Pension (GMPs). On 20 November 2020, there was a further High Court ruling which provided clarification on the obligations of pension plan trustees to equalise past transfer values allowing for inequalities in GMP. This ruling required the Trustee to take pro-active steps to revisit previous transfers paid from the Scheme and potentially pay 'top-ups' where it is found that these are due. During the exercise performed by the Scheme during 2022, there were 30 former members found to be due a top-up payment to their original transfer value. The payments were estimated to be c.£56,400. As at 29 February 2024, there were 23 members who had had top-ups paid to them. These amounts totalled c.£28,000 and were settled over the period December 2022 to January 2024. There are currently 7 former members who could not be contacted and so top-ups of c.£28,400 remain unpaid and this amount is shown as a liability in the 2024 financial statements.

# Ruling on amendment of Contracted-Out-Salary-Related pension schemes

The Virgin Media Ltd v NTL Pension Trustees II decision, handed down by the High Court on 16 June 2023, considered the implications of section 37 of the Pension Schemes Act 1993. The parties appealed and, on 25 July 2024, the Court of Appeal of England and Wales published its decision. It upheld the original decision and confirmed that actuarial 'section 37 confirmations' were required for amendments to both past and future benefits.

The Trustee is now investigating the implications with its advisers but it is not possible at present to estimate the impact, if any, on the Scheme. That investigation is assessing whether any relevant benefit amendments were made during the time period affected by the decisions above. That will clarify the impact on the Scheme, if any, pending further pensions industry developments on this matter.

**Annual Report for the year ended 29 February 2024** 

**Independent Auditors' Statement about Contributions to the Trustee** 

# Independent auditors' statement about contributions to the Trustee of The Julius Baer UK Staff Pension & Life Assurance Scheme

#### Statement about contributions

# **Opinion**

In our opinion, the contributions payable to the Scheme by the Employer required by the schedules of contributions for the Scheme year ended 29 February 2024 as reported in The Julius Baer UK Staff Pension & Life Assurance Scheme's summary of contributions have, in all material respects, been paid in accordance with the schedules of contributions certified by the Scheme actuary on 10 May 2021 and 1 November 2023.

We have examined The Julius Baer UK Staff Pension & Life Assurance Scheme's summary of contributions for the Scheme year ended 29 February 2024 which is set out on the following page.

#### **Basis for opinion**

Our examination involves obtaining evidence sufficient to give reasonable assurance that contributions reported in the summary of contributions have, in all material respects, been paid in accordance with the relevant requirements. This includes an examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts of contributions payable to the Scheme under the schedules of contributions, and the timing of those payments.

#### Responsibilities for the statement about contributions

#### Responsibilities of the Trustee in respect of contributions

As explained more fully in the statement of Trustee's responsibilities, the Scheme's Trustee is responsible for preparing, and from time to time reviewing and if necessary revising, a schedule of contributions and for monitoring whether contributions are made to the Scheme by employers in accordance with relevant requirements.

#### Auditors' responsibilities in respect of the statement about contributions

It is our responsibility to provide a statement about contributions and to report our opinion to you.

#### Use of this report

This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the Trustee as a body in accordance with section 41 of the Pensions Act 1995 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors London

Date: 18 September 2024

# Annual Report for the year ended 29 February 2024

# **Summary of Contributions**

During the year ended 29 February 2024, the contributions payable to the Scheme by the Employer required by the schedules of contributions were Nil.

Approved by the Trustee and signed on their behalf by:

Capital Cranfield

Date: 18 September 2024

# **Annual Report for the year ended 29 February 2024**

# **Actuarial Certificate**

#### **Certification of schedule of contributions**

#### Adequacy of rates of contributions

 I certify that, in my opinion, the rates of contributions shown in this schedule of contributions are such that the statutory funding objective can be expected to be met by the end of the period specified in the recovery plan dated 01 November 2023.

# Adherence to statement of funding principles

 I hereby certify that, in my opinion, this schedule of contributions is consistent with the statement of funding principles dated 01 November 2023.

The certification of the adequacy of the rates of contributions for the purpose of securing that the statutory funding objective can be expected to be met is not a certification of their adequacy for the purpose of securing the Scheme's liabilities by the purchase of annuities, if the Scheme were to be wound-up.

Signature	Matt Smith
Scheme Actuary	Matt Smith
Qualification	Fellow of the Institute and Faculty of Actuaries
Date of signing	1 November 2023
Name of employer	Mercer Limited
Address	Tower Place West London EC3R 5BU